

Today

The Prophet's Beard.
The Dempsey Fight.
Mr. Vanderbilt's Party.
Ku Klux Patriotism.

GET IT ALL
Main News, 20 pages
Society - Drama, 12
pages; March of
Events, 8 pages; Ed-
itorial - City Life, 6
pages; Magazine, 16
pages; Book of Magic,
4 pages; Sports, 4
pages; Comic, 8 pages.

Washington Times-Herald

AMERICA

FIRST

WEATHER
Continued
cold today;
Monday cloudy
and unsettled;
moderate
northwest and
west winds.



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EDITORIAL AND MAIN 1500
BUSINESS PHONES 1500

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BRITAIN PLANS RUIN OF U. S. ON SEA

TIERNAN DIVORCE REVOKED SAME DAY HE REWEDS; CLEMENCEAU PEACE POISONED EUROPE, SAYS NITTI

U. S. FOREIGN POLICY 'WISE AND PRUDENT' WRITES NITTI

Every American Loan Tends to
Aggravate Snarled European
Situation, Ex-Premier Says

RAPS BIG FRENCH ARMY

Denounces Ruthless Allocation
of Territories to Mixed Pop-
les Regardless of Ambitions

By FRANCESCO NITTI.
Former Premier of Italy.
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ROME, ITALY, Nov. 25.—Welcome to America, my dear President Clemenceau! You are giving a fine example of the resistance of a powerful will. There is nothing I appreciate so much as your persevering effort. I remember, not without a thrill of emotion, your farewell speech to Lloyd George and myself, then premiers of England and Italy, at the Paris conference.

I believe it was one evening—February 20, 1920—when you had just tendered your resignation as president of the French cabinet, becoming a candidate for the presidency of the republic. But, quite unexpectedly, when everybody was sure of your success and your political adversaries themselves were in a state of collapse, an eleventh hour coalition elected Deschanel president. Millerand had become premier, but you refused to abandon the conference, and with the consent of all and with the assistance of Millerand himself, you continued to preside over the conference.

PREMIERS QUIT PARLEY.

On the evening of February 20 Lloyd George and I had to leave and it was necessary to close the conference as soon as possible. I still remember the eloquent words, so full of real emotion, which you pronounced on our parting. They were inspired by such profound sadness, such nobility of soul, that they still ring in my ears.

Although not elected to the presidency of the republic and having tendered your resignation as president of the council, France, by a special bill, proclaimed you "as deserving of your country."

You then addressed us, on closing the conference, explaining not only what had been done, but what still remained to be done if the enormous effort in which we were all concerned should prove a practical success.

Now, my dear president, Lloyd George, you and I are no longer members of our governments. You are setting us a good example. It is well understood that the destinies of Europe can only be decided in America and with youthful enthusiasm in the interests of your country, you have gone to hold parley in the United States. If I were to have your political authority and were possessed of as sound a knowledge of the English language, I would perhaps follow your example, now that my country is in the hands

Capital Turns Out En Masse For Big Game

THOUSANDS of Washingtonians journeyed to Franklin Field, Philadelphia, yesterday to view the annual gridiron struggle between the Army and Navy. In the crowd were Cabinet officers, members of the Senate and House and other high Government officials.

It was a great day for the Army. Secretary of War Weeks offered condolences to Secretary of the Navy Denby when the army triumphed, 17 to 14.

General Pershing and Brigadier General Brewster extended their sympathies to Admirals Sims, Wilson, Coontz and Hulton. Assistant Secretary of the Navy Roosevelt cheered himself hoarse rooting for the Midlles. Vice President Coolidge remained strictly neutral throughout, sitting with first one side and then the other.

For the complete story, see Page 1 of the Pink Sport Section.

MAD DOG BITES TWO BOYS IN BLUE PLAINS

Posse Shoots Animal After
Sons of Frank B. Haskell
Are Attacked.

A dog, suffering from rabies, ran amuck through Blue Plains, D. C., yesterday, biting two boys, ten dogs, a horse and a goat. It was killed by a posse of armed farmers.

Truman Haskell, eight years old, and Paul Haskell, four years old, sons of Frank B. Haskell, superintendent of the District Home for the Aged, were playing in front of their home when attacked. Truman was bitten on the left leg, below the knee. As Paul ran for help, the dog attacked him, tearing a piece out of the right side of his face.

Both boys were carried into the dispensary where the wounds were cauterized by Dr. S. B. Pole.

Superintendent Haskell and six farmers trailed the dog to an open field and shot it. An examination made by the District Health Department showed the dog had rabies.

Eight other dogs who were bitten, were turned over to the District poundmaster. Two dogs of John Kennedy, a farmer, a horse belonging to the District, and a goat belonging to Haskell were placed under a year quarantine by the District.

Walter Brown, eight years old, 537 Shepherd street northwest, was bitten on the arm yesterday morning by a dog which police say, belongs to John Taylor, 531 Quincy street northwest. The boy is under the care of Dr. William B. Burns, 626 Randolph street northwest.

Two Killed as College Is Burned in Winnipeg

WINNIPEG, Can., Nov. 25.—Two students were killed and scores were injured when fire early today destroyed St. Boniface College.

The blaze is believed to have been of incendiary origin. A number of valuable historical records were destroyed by the flames.

Italy Gives Mussolini Dictatorial Powers

ROME, Nov. 25.—Dictatorial powers were vested in the Mussolini government by the chamber of deputies today. By a majority of 185 the chamber passed a bill extending plenary powers in the Fascist cabinet until the end of next year.

PROFESSOR RISKS CHARGE OF BIGAMY

First Wife's Collusion Story
Leads Judge to Reopen
Divorce Proceedings.

SAYS HUSBAND BEAT HER

Mrs. Tiernan, of Noted Paternity Case, Avers Consent to Decree Was Forced.

By HARRY R. FLORY.
International News Service.

CHICAGO, Nov. 25.—The law tonight had tied a few more knots in the tangled marital relations of Prof. and Mrs. John P. Tiernan, of South Bend, Ind.

Re-opening the divorce case in which Tiernan, formerly a law professor at Notre Dame University and one of the "angles" in the Tiernan-Popular maternity case, was granted a decree from Augustus Tiernan Thursday, Judge C. R. Montgomery at South Bend late today revoked the decree which freed Tiernan and set rehearing of the divorce case for December 11. The custody of the children was remanded to the mother.

STIRRED BY REMARRIAGE.

Judge Montgomery's action followed a conference he held with Mrs. Augusta Tiernan after she became aroused over Tiernan's remarriage this morning at Crown Point to Mrs. Blanche L. Brimmer, of Hansell, Iowa.

Mrs. Tiernan went on the stand today before the judge and Prosecutor Floyd O. Jellison, who defended her in the divorce action. Her story led Judge Montgomery to suspect collusion in the divorce, and he reopened the case.

Tiernan and his bride were reported tonight to be "somewhere in Chicago." Mrs. Tiernan, with her three children, including "Baby Billy," whose paternity was questioned by Tiernan, remained in the family home in South Bend.

Earlier today Mrs. Tiernan said her husband had forced her to consent to the divorce "purely to satisfy the public and Notre Dame."

"John and I lived together as man and wife until last Tuesday night," she said. "We agreed upon the divorce suit in collusion."

SAYS HE BEAT HER.

In his divorce hearing Tiernan testified they had not been living together as man and wife for several months.

"Last Saturday night Mr. Tiernan beat me until I agreed to permit him to get the divorce," Mrs. Tiernan continued. "Then he said we would go to another town, change our names, and remarry."

Tiernan once came to Chicago to induce Ralph Obenchain, husband of Madalene Obenchain, indicted in the murder of J. Belton Kennedy at Los Angeles, to form a law partnership with him, Mrs. Tiernan said. They would have operated under the name of "two abused husbands" she said he told her. "All the respect I had for John has turned to hate," Mrs. Tiernan said, weeping bitterly.

It was predicted here tonight that a charge of bigamy would be lodged against Tiernan.

Radio Guides Plane With Perfect Control

PARIS, Nov. 25 (By Radio).—Successful tests were carried out near Paris today, during which an army biplane was flown and piloted with perfect control through wireless operated on the ground.

The tests were made by the inventors.

The airplane carried no passengers and the task of guiding it was made doubly difficult by thick fog.

Editor Bares Offer of \$12,000 Contract to Attack Ship Bill

Glaser, of Masonic Review, Trails "Mysterious" Request for Anti-Subsidy Advertising to British Embassy.

(Copyright, 1922, by the Washington Herald and by Universal Service.)

Matthew Quay Glaser, editor of the Masonic Review, has given to The Washington Herald an affidavit to the effect that he was approached by F. C. Lawrence, commercial attaché attached to the British embassy in Washington, and offered a \$12,000 advertising contract, conditionally upon his printing as reading matter article to be prepared by the embassy, setting forth "the other side of the ship subsidy question."

The affidavit is as follows:

"My name is Matthew Quay Glaser. I am vice editor, and vice president of the Masonic Review, a monthly publication which discusses affairs of interest to the Masonic order. It is published at Beade street, New York city.

"Since September, 1921, the Masonic Review has advocated the ship subsidy in the interests of an American Merchant Marine.

"The issue of March, 1922, was made a special number carrying four articles upon this subject, and a roster of the members of Congress who are members of the Masonic fraternity. There were _____ on this roster.

"I also headed a committee of Masons from various parts of the country which went to Washington to present to President Harding an endorsement of his stand upon the subject of the Merchant Marine.

"Shortly after the March special issue of the Masonic Review had appeared, I received a telephone call at my residence, 90 Morningside drive.

"The caller said he had been trying to make an appointment with me for the past week. He apologized for calling me at my home, but said the matter was urgent and wanted an appointment.

"I met this man at the Masonic Club, Imperial Hotel. He said that he represented interests at Washington that had become interested in the March issue of my magazine. He desired to know if we would receive advertising from foreign shipping interests.

"I said that we would. He then asked if we would be willing to carry a certain number of pages of news matter dealing with the shipping industry. He stated that our readers would have the benefit of the other side of the ship subsidy question.

"I agreed, but said I would like to see the copy. He said 'if our financial agreement goes through you will be saved the trouble of editing and writing. The copy will be prepared and given to you in Washington.'

"He said 'How would you like to receive \$500.00 a page for two pages per issue for twelve months, \$12,000.00 in all?'

"I said the rate would be acceptable.

"He then said 'I think I can put that over for you and, if so, will put you in touch with the parties whom I represent in Washington.'

"After the interview I went to the office of the American Steamship Owners Association and told W. L. Marvin all that had happened.

"Two days later I received a telephone call requesting another appointment at the same place. This is the conversation:

"Stranger—I'm in an awful hurry, Mr. Glaser. I have it all set at terms agreeable. When can you leave for Washington and will you accept \$100.00 for your expense to Washington and when can you leave for there?'

"Glaser—'All right, I will accept the expense money and leave tonight.'

"Stranger—'Well, you'll meet a gentleman who represents the British Consul's office. You will step to the desk at the Willard Hotel promptly at 11 o'clock tomorrow morning.'

"Glaser—'Who is he? How will I know him?'

"Stranger—'He'll know you.'

"I arrived at the Willard at 10:30. Sat in a chair until a few minutes before 11, then stepped up to the desk. I was accosted by a man who appeared to be about thirty years old, of slender build, blond, with a light Chaplin moustache; he was about five feet five.

"He said, 'Are you Mr. Glaser? I am Mr. Lawrence.'

"We took a seat in the lobby. He said he could arrange matters in conformity with the proposed agreement in New York. The money end of it will be all right.

"He said, 'I am only interested in the news end of it. Can we have the article that I have prepared published in the current issue?'

"I said, 'If I get it within five days.'

"He asked him if he represented the Cunard Line.

"He said, 'No; I am a secretary at the embassy.'

"I then proposed that he prepare the article immediately and give me a schedule of the advertising so that

(Continued on Page 3, Column 7.)

'TEN TWELVE' INQUIRY BY CONGRESS SHOWS WHAT ENGLAND DID

Secret Agents of Crown at Work

During and After War to Cripple
American Shipping — Affidavits,
Confessions and Fac-Simile Copies
of Official Documents Disclose Start-
ling Efforts by "White List to Pre-
vent Growth of Our Commerce.

WASHINGTON MAN SLAIN STRANGELY DURING PROBE

By WALTER HOWEY
(Copyright, 1922, by The Washington Herald and by Universal Service.)

The Washington Herald respectfully submits for the consideration of Congress and the Nation evidence of efforts by agents of the government of Great Britain to smash America's sea commerce.

Much of the evidence is supported by sworn affidavit, confessions, and facsimile copies of official documents. Many of the documents are contained in that most secret of all investigations carried on by United States secret agents during and afterward known as the TEN TWELVE case. This was authorized by Congressional act and appropriation "for the investigation of foreign discrimination against vessels and shippers of the United States."

It throws into the spotlight the following statement made by President Harding in his speech to Congress last Monday in support of the Ship Subsidy bill:

"The maritime nations of the world are in complete accord with the opposition here to the present measure."

Among the disclosures are:

1. Affidavit of Mathew O. Glaser, of the Masonic Review, charging that he was approached by (men pretending to be) agents of the British embassy with an offer of \$12,000 in the guise of advertising for British shipping to influence Glaser to alter the policy of his magazine which has a wide circulation in Congress and has been waging a vigorous campaign in favor of the ship subsidy bill.
2. Evidence that the American shipping control committee was dominated by a British personnel which broke up privately owned American shipping lines, allocated American ships to foreign companies, and American trade to British business concerns, under the guise of war necessity.
3. Evidence that the British consul of New York forced American shippers and ship owners to furnish complete manifests of cargoes to all ports—this constituting a betrayal of American trade secrets, customers, and price lists.
4. Documents indicating that the British provost marshal and the British control, which corresponds to the American Secret Service, used its office and its official "white list" to deprive American shippers of South American trade which was thereupon turned over to the British shippers, although the products sold were produced in the United States and sent to South America in American ships.
5. Under the influence of Britishers within the Shipping Board during the war and afterward, American-born licensed marine officers were forced to accept subordinate positions aboard American vessels and serve under British